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AMORPHA ROEMERIANA SCHEELE, (FABACEAE), AN UPLAND SPECIES.—Wilbur (Rhodora 77:337 – 409. 1975) revised the North American genus Amorpha and regarded Amorpha roemeriana as one variable species that included A. texana, etc. This taxon is endemic to the Edwards Plateau region of Texas and its range extends from Travis County in the east to Uvalde and Real counties in the west. This taxon is an upland species fairly common on the "Devil's Back Bone" area (Hwy 32) in Comal County near the Hays County line growing on the ridge and upland breaks. Since it is an upland species, it is quite true that it is extremely rare in the bottom-lands functioning as a wetland species.—Wm. F. Mahler, Biology Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, TX 75275, U.S.A.

TWO LEGUME EMENDATIONS—One of four notes preliminary to a treatment of the Leguminosae for the Vascular Flora of the Southeastern United States was published in this journal (Isely 1986). Dr. J.H. Wiersema has kindly called two nomenclatural matters to my attention. The cited Isely paper presents the context of the following:

I should have listed *Sesbania virgata* (Cav.) Persoon, Syn. Pl. 2:316. 1807, not (Cav.) Poiret in Lam. Encyl. 7:129. 1806 (p. 438 in Isely) to be consistent with author citation of *Sesbania* otherwise. This is based on the